6.825 Techniques in Artificial Intelligence

Graph Plan

- Overview
 - PO Planning "human-like" but very slow
- Graph Plan
 - Simplified planning model
 - Efficient algorithm

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Graph Plan

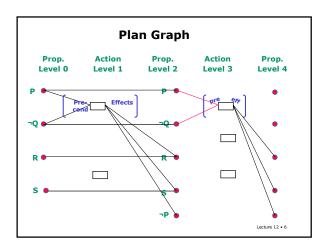
- A propositional planner, that is, there are no variables
 - Simpler don't have to worry about matching
 - Bigger if you have six blocks, you need 36 propositions to represent all On(x,y) assertions
- 1. Make a plan graph of depth k
- 2. Search for a solution
- 3. If succeed, return a plan
- 4. Else k=k+1
- 5. Go to 1.

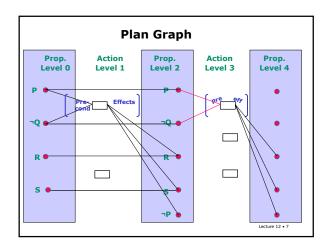
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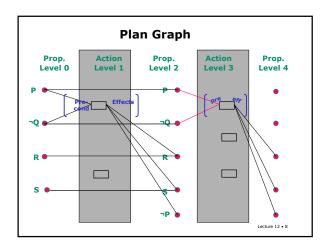
Plan Depth A plan of depth k • has k times steps • may have multiple parallel actions per time step t = 1DoA DoB t = 2DoC t = 3DoD DoE

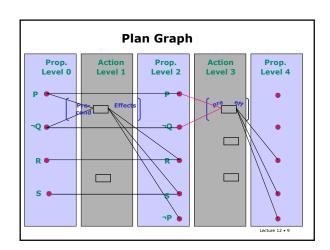
Planning vs Scheduling Scheduling: tasks are fixed

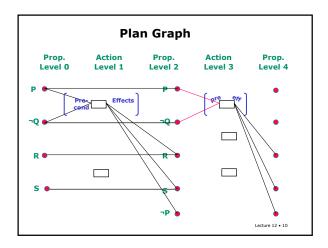
Planning vs Scheduling Planning: find steps and schedule PSPACE-complete Graph Plan: find plans of a given depth Scheduling: tasks are fixed NP-Complete

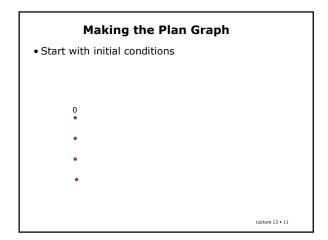


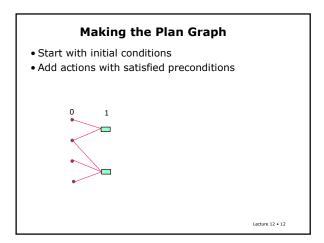






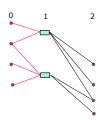






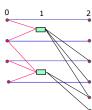
Making the Plan Graph • Start with initial conditions

- Add actions with satisfied preconditions
- Add all effects of actions at previous levels



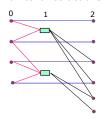
Making the Plan Graph

- Start with initial conditions
- Add actions with satisfied preconditions
- Add all effects of actions at previous levels
- Add maintenance actions



Making the Plan Graph

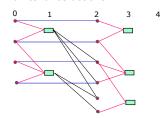
- Start with initial conditions
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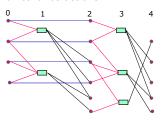
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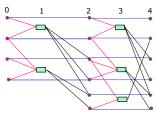
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Making the Plan Graph

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Mutually Exclusive Actions

Two action instances at level i are mutex if:

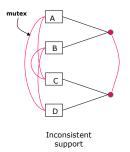
- Inconsistent effects: effect of one action is negation of effect of another
- Interference: one action deletes the precondition of the other
- Competing needs: the actions have preconditions that are mutex at level i-1



Mutually Exclusive Propositions

Two propositions at level i are mutex if:

- Negation: they are negations of one another
- Inconsistent support: all ways of achieving the propositions at level i-1 are pairwise mutex.



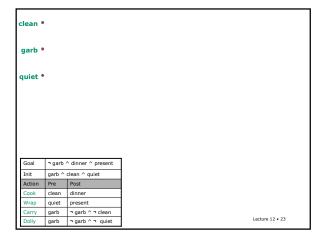
Solution Extraction

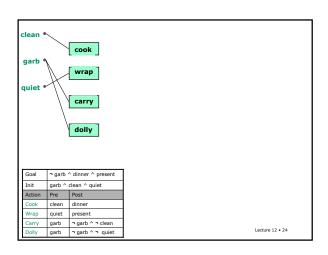
- If all the literals in the goal appear at the deepest level and not mutex, then search for a solution for each subgoal at level i
 - For each subgoal at level i
 - -Choose an action to achieve it
 - If it's mutex with another action, Fail
 - Repeat for preconditions at level i-2

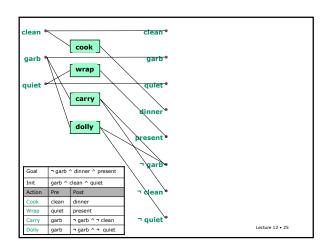
Birthday Dinner Example

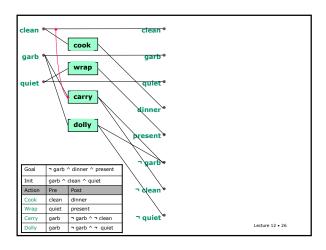
- Goal: : garb Æ dinner Æ present
- Init: garb Æ clean Æ quiet
- · Actions:
 - Cook
 - Pre: clean
 - Effect:dinner
 - Wrap
 - Pre: quiet - Effect: present
 - Carry

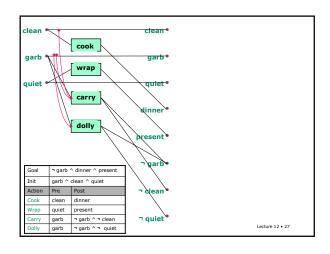
 - Pre: garbEffect: : garb Æ : clean
 - Dolly
 - Pre: garb
 - Effect: : garb Æ : quiet

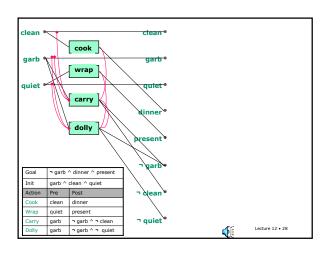


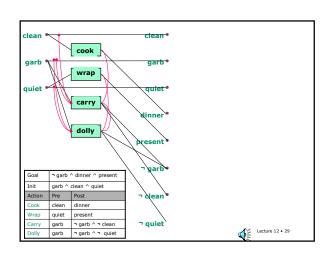


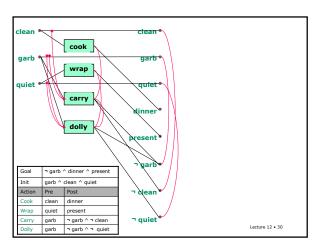


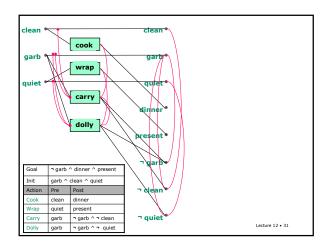


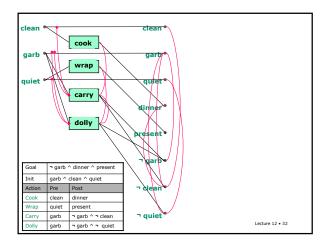


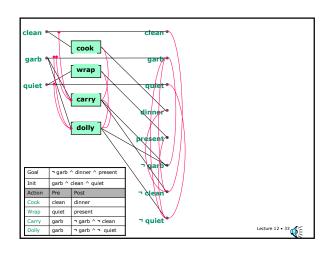


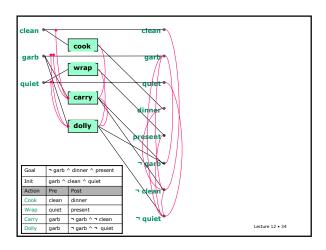


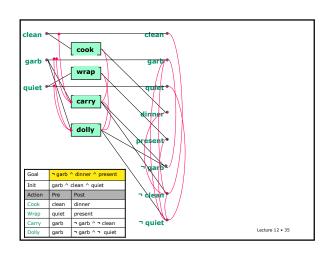


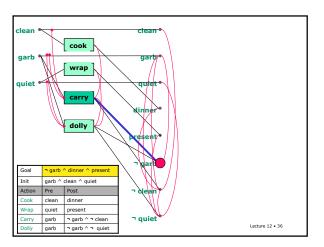


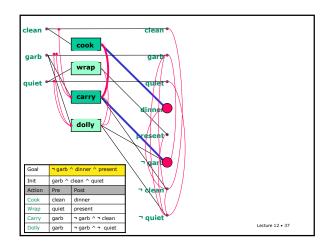


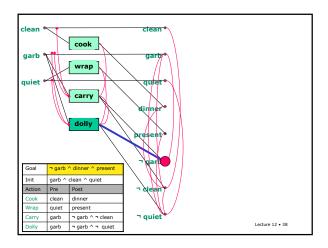


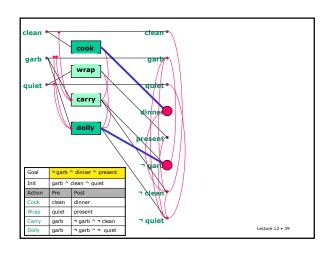


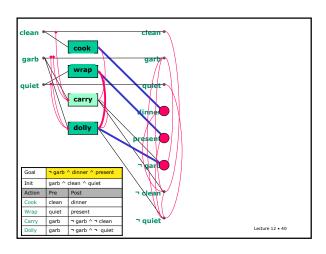


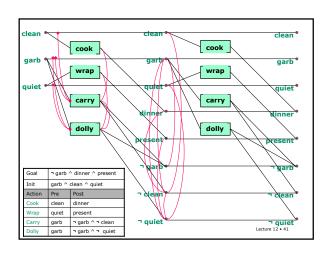


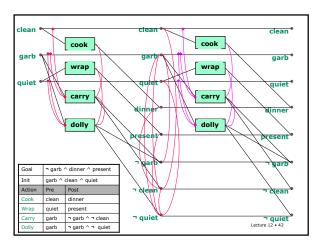


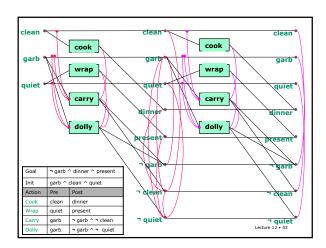


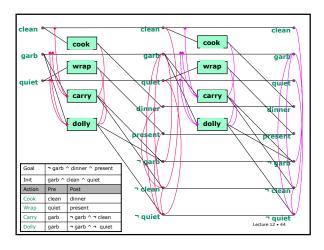


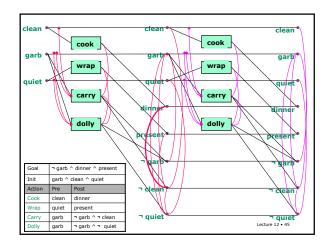


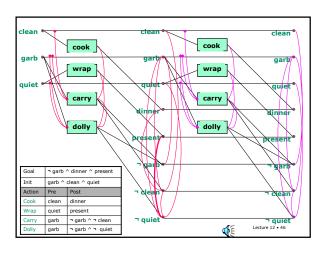


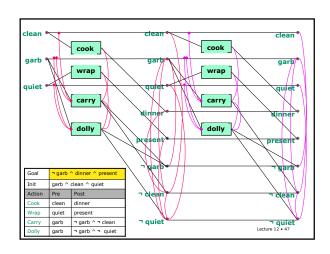


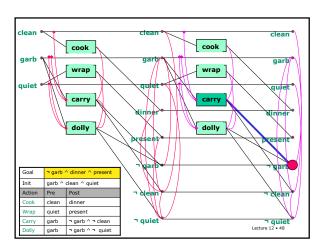


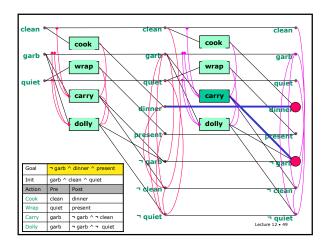


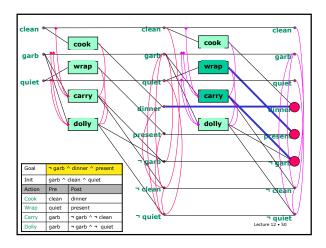


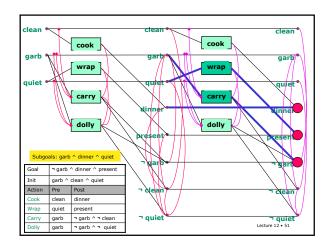


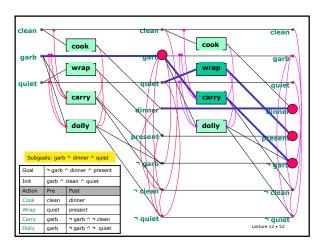


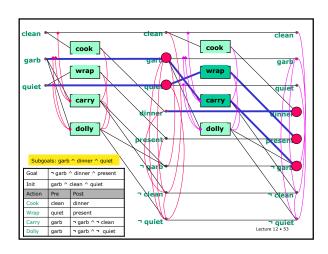


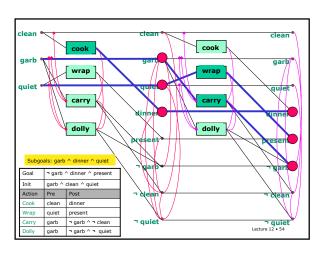


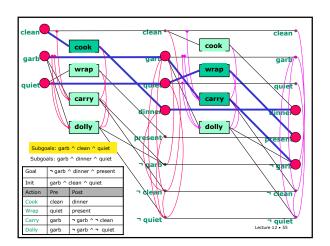












Extensions

- Lots of time optimizations
- Disjunctive preconditions
- Universally quantified (sort of) preconditions and effects
- Conditional planning

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