



Project Overview

- Smart devices will require easy-to-deploy networks.
 - No base stations, cables, management.
- Ad-hoc networks promise minimal deployment effort.
 - Nodes forward each others packets: multi-hop.
 - Previous ad-hoc techniques don't scale well.
- CarNet investigates *scalable* ad-hoc networking.
- CarNet techniques:
 - Geographic forwarding (Grid).
 - Scalable distributed location service (GLS).
 - Automatic self-configuration.



Progress Through December 2000

- ¥ Design, simulation, and analysis of GLS
 - Presented at MOBICOM 2000 conference.
- Implementation of basic Grid software.
 - Platform is Linux and Compaq iPaq palmtops.
- Designed power-saving radio protocols.
- Investigated theoretical capacity of ad-hoc networks.
- Extended design for nodes w/o position information.
 - “Borrow” positions of other nearby nodes.

MIT2000-06: CarNet: A Scalable Wireless Network Infrastructure

Robert Morris and Frans Kaashoek



Research Plan for the Next Six Months

- Deploy a large test network.
 - Combination of iPacs and fixed relays.
 - Enough nodes for meaningful analysis.
 - Collect real motion and communication patterns.
 - Data will feed back into design and simulation.
- Continue development and design:
 - Location-aware applications.
 - Low-power protocols.