

### MIT2002-02: Software Upgrades in Distributed Systems

Barbara Liskov





### Software Upgrades in Large Scale Distributed Systems

- Upgrades must propagate automatically
- Operator requires control of scheduling
- Upgrades cannot occur instantaneously
- System must continue to provide service

### **Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance**

- Replication algorithms that tolerate SW errors and malicious attacks
- Efficient and designed for asynchronous environments

#### MIT2002-02: Software Upgrades in Distributed Systems



Barbara Liskov





**Progress Through December 2002** 

# **Software Upgrades:**

- Definition of a new architecture for upgrades
- Scheduling functions provide operator control
- Simulation objects allow continuous operation
- Transform functions preserve state across upgrades

# **Byzantine Fault Tolerance:**

- Byzantine fault tolerant large scale services
- Use peer-to-peer design principles to scale service
- Hybrid architecture: servers act as peer-to-peer nodes and a separate configuration service determines current membership

### MIT2002-02: Software Upgrades in Distributed Systems



**Barbara Liskov** 





**Research Plan for the Next Six Months** 

## **Software Upgrades:**

- Begin implementation of upgrade infrastructure
- Develop correctness conditions for simulation objects and transform functions

# **Byzantine Fault Tolerance:**

- Finish large scale service implementation
- Deploy it on a wide area testbed (PlanetLab)